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Improving the Rate of Emergency Department Physician Pre-Procedure Time-Out Documentation for Deep Sedation and **Cutaneous Abscess Incision and Drainage**

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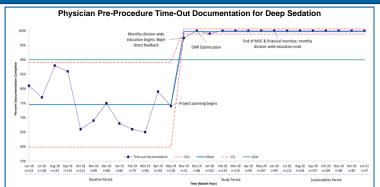
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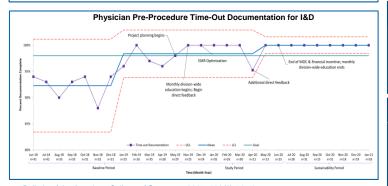
Background

- Pre-procedure time-out is a Joint Commission requirement
 - Opportunity to verify patient identity and accuracy of a planned procedure
 - In 2016, over 100 sentinel events involved the wrong patient, site, or procedure¹
 - Baseline emergency department (ED) physician time-out documentation rate
 - Deep sedation 75%
 - Incision and drainage (I&D) 94%

Objective

- Aimed to improve ED physician preprocedure time-out documentation rates from Nov 2019 through June 2020
 - Deep sedation (ketamine and/or propofol)
 - Improve from 75% to 90%
 - I&D
 - Improve from 94% to 98%





Design/Methods

- Analyzed baseline data June 2018 May 2019
- · Weekly reports throughout study period
- Interventions
 - · Education regarding importance of time-out
 - · Monthly project updates sharing run-charts
 - · Individual feedback on deficient documentation
 - Documentation note template optimization
- Incentives
 - · Financial bonus through study period
 - · Maintenance of certification (MOC) credit

Results

- · Time-out documentation rates improved
 - Deep sedation 75%→100%, I&D 94%→99.3%
- · Improvement sustained through Jan 2021
- · All physicians eligible for bonus, most for MOC

Conclusion

- Performance of a pre-procedure time-out is practical in a busy ED setting
- Documentation compliance improved through education, feedback, and systems improvement

Pellegrini CA. Time-outs and their role in improving safety and quality in surgery. Bulletin of the American College of Surgeons. 2017; 102(6):54-56









