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Research Days

GME Research Days 2023

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Improvement on the slopes: the impact of an adaptive snow sports program on children and young adults with disabilities

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Improvement on the slopes: the impact of an adaptive snow sports program on children and young adults with disabilities Green, S.M., Fisher, M.T., Eichner, J., McLaughlin, M.J.

Background & Objectives

- Adaptive skiing is well-established as a therapeutic activity, yet the literature of its benefits remains minimal.
- Repeat themes include improvements of strength, endurance, cardiovascular health, autonomy, selfesteem, social and conversation skills, attention, health perception and quality of life.
- This study aims to determine the progress of participants in an adaptive snow sports program for children and young adults.

Design & Outcome Measures

- Retrospective cohort study in an adaptive ski/snowboard program
- Primary Outcome = Professional Ski Instructors of America and American Association of Snowboard Instructors skill levels (from 1-novice to 9-expert) •Secondary Outcome = cognitive, emotional,
- social, physical and independence scores, as rated by trained instructors on a scale from 1-5
- Statistical Analysis: Descriptive statistics, Wilcoxen-rank sum test to demonstrate change from initial to final evaluation



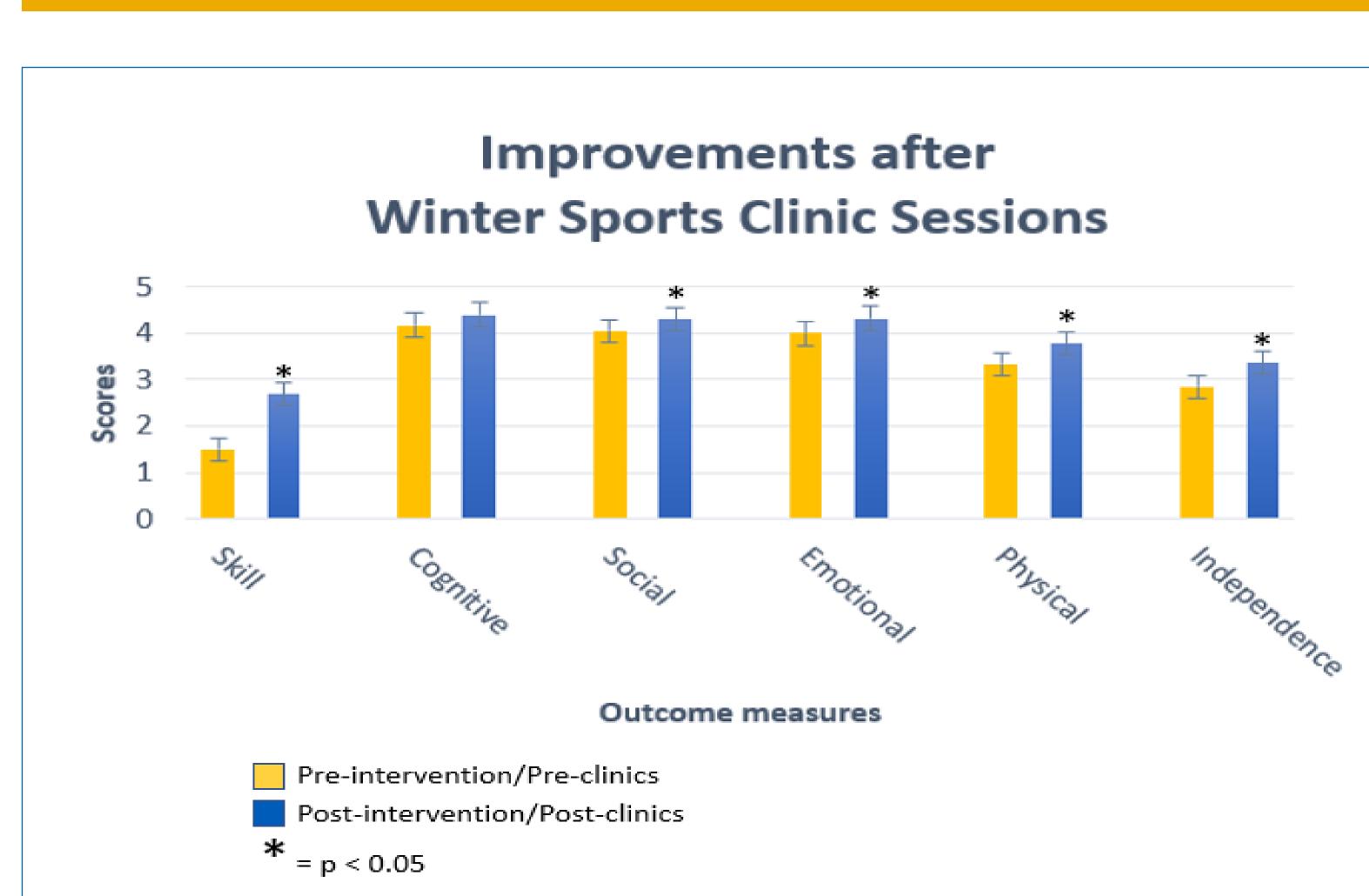




Children's Mercy - Kansas City; Midwest Adaptive Sports

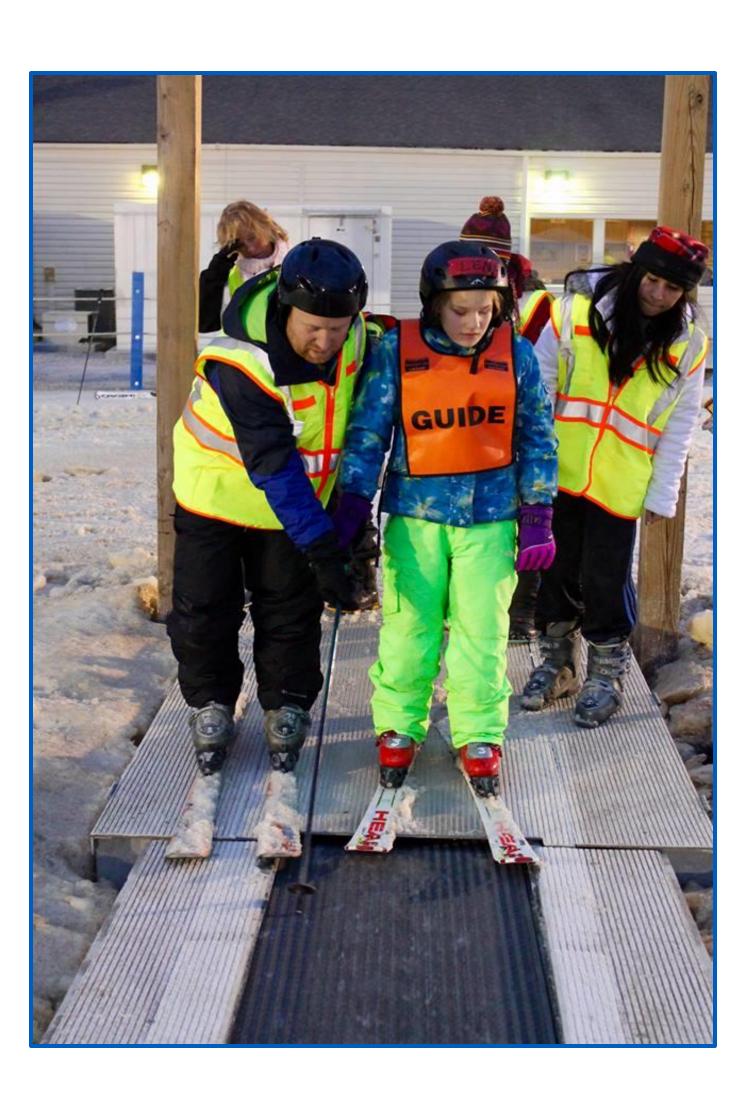






- •113 participants
- Median #sessions/participant = 4, (2-65)
- Median years of participation = 2 (2-10)
- Primary outcomes improvement in final skill level from initial (p<0.0001), with an average increase of 1.2 skill levels per participant & 0.48 skill levels per years of involvement.
- Secondary outcomes improvements from initial scores: cognitive (p=0.07), social (p=0.002), emotional (p=0.018), physical (P<0.0001), and independence (p<0.0001) scores.
- •The most common diagnoses were visual impairment, autism, spina bifida, and spinal cord injury.

- during participation.
- instructors' scores.
- program to outside entities. • Level of Evidence: III



Discussion

•Showed improvements in all measured domains

•Limitations: lack of consistency in the number of sessions, instructors' teaching, and subjective

• Evaluating the effectiveness of adaptive sports programs provides important info to set

participants' expectations, determines goals of the program for trainers, and shows the benefit of this

• References available upon request



