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Improving fluid management of extreme premature infants by providing a restrictive fluid management algorithm in the NICU

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Improving fluid management of extreme premature infants by providing a restrictive fluid management algorithm in UMIC Medicine



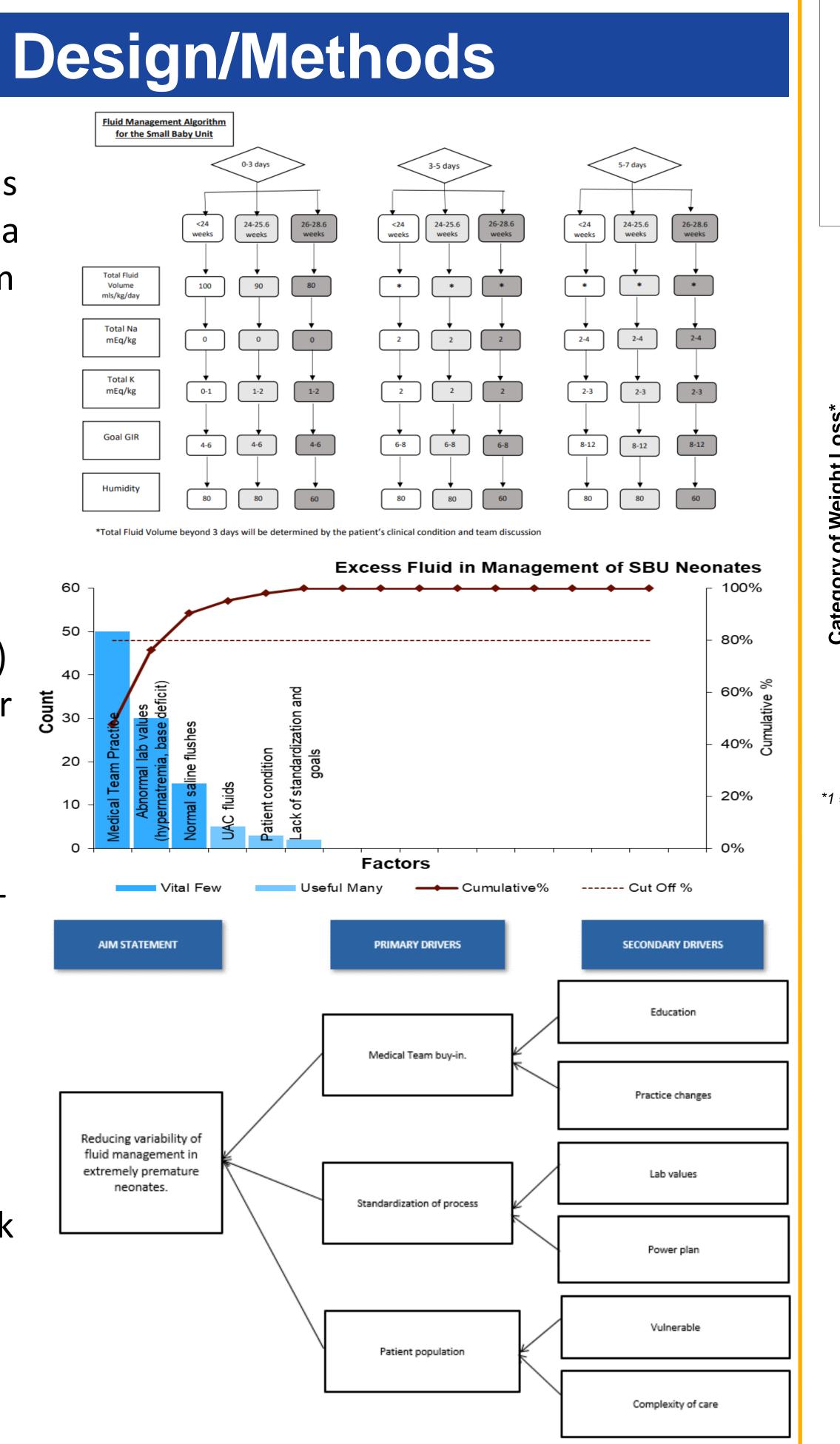
Jacob Ward, DO; Dena Hubbard, MD; Nicholas Clark, MD

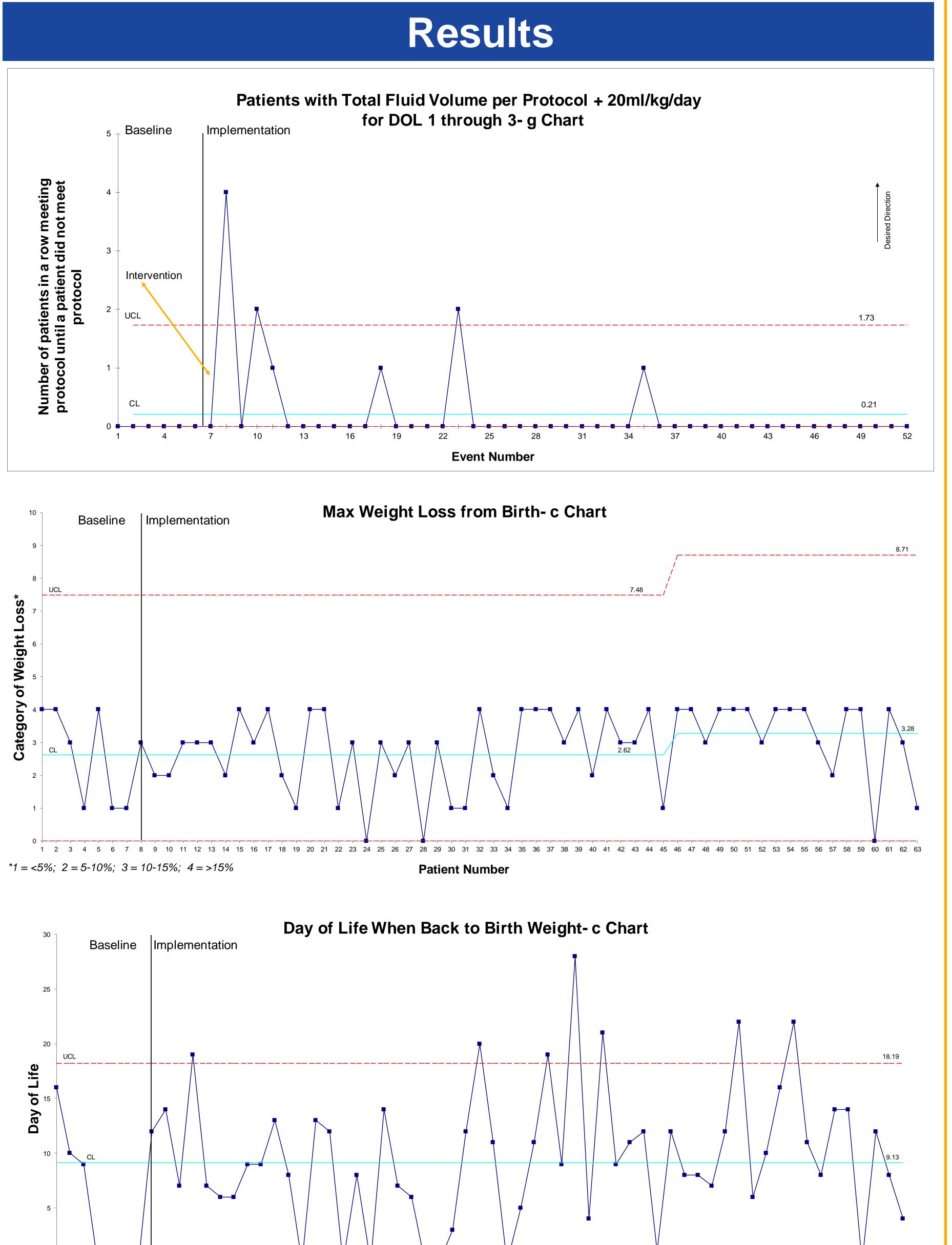
Children's Mercy Hospital Kansas City, Missouri & University of Missouri Kansas City School of Medicine

Background

- •Excessive fluid intake in extreme premature neonates is associated with/increases risk of adverse outcomes (NEC, PDA, BPD, overall morbidity/mortality).
- •Currently, there is a lack of evidenced-based standards in the fluid management of this vulnerable population.
- •Review of fluid management at our institution revealed variable practices in these neonates.

- We aimed to improve fluid management in this population by providing a restrictive fluid algorithm with greater than 70% compliance by the medical team over an 18-month period.
- Outcome measures were:
- 1) Total fluid volume(TFV) administered in a 24-hour period on DOL 0-3 per protocol.
- 2) TFV administered in a 24-hour period on DOL 0-3 per protocol + 20ml/kg/day allowance.
- Balancing measures were maximum percentage of birth weight lost and DOL back to birth weight.





Patient Number

Results

- •There were 80 neonates <28 6/7 weeks gestation admitted to our NICU during this 18-month time period.
 - 63 of these neonates were included in the study.
 - 17 neonates were excluded due to death during the first week of life or admitted after 6 hours of life.
- 6 neonates were used as a baseline prior to initiation of protocol.
- •Of the 57 neonates placed on restrictive algorithm only 24.6% (n=14) and 19.2% (n=11) met criteria of outcome measures (1) and (2) respectively.
- •None of the baseline neonates followed fluid algorithm.
- •During this study days process measures studied showed days back to birth weight of included patients remained on average (9.13 days) was similar throughout the study, however, maximal percentage of weight loss (3.28) started to significantly increased as compliance with the fluid algorithm worsened.
- Overall, outcome measures did show some initial modest improvement in compliance, but this significantly waned during the duration of the study.

Conclusion

- •We did not meet our goal of >70% compliance with fluid algorithm.
- •Next steps for our project is to gather more data regarding reasons for deviation with the protocol, such as patient condition.
- •We will also reconvene and determine if there are any adjustments which could be made to the algorithm allowing for better compliance while still restrictive as well as good patient care.
- •We also plan to gather outcome data regarding adverse outcomes (NEC, PDA, BPD, and mortality) comparing those that did follow fluid algorithm versus those who did not.

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