Children's Mercy Kansas City

SHARE @ Children's Mercy

Posters

2019

Global Health Elective in San Pedro La Laguna, Guatemala

Page Pomo

Let us know how access to this publication benefits you

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarlyexchange.childrensmercy.org/posters

Part of the International Public Health Commons, and the Pediatrics Commons

Global Health Elective in San Pedro La Laguna, Guatemala

Page Pomo, MD

Children's Mercy Kansas City, Kansas City, Mo.

Background

 As a future outpatient general pediatrician serving bilingual populations, I wanted to work in a rural setting with ample opportunities to practice my Spanish language skills.







Objective

- Describe Guatemalan culture, including traditional medicine beliefs.
- · Provide medical care with limited resources.
- Describe how limited access to resources and preventive healthcare impacts pediatric morbidity and mortality.





Preparation

- Resources such as the CDC, WHO & USAID provided information about the Guatemalan culture and healthcare system.
- Aside from Spanish, over 20 separate Mayan languages are spoken. Most common around San Pedro: Tz'utujil, K'iche, Kaqchikel.
- Nationally, 48% of children under 5 years old have chronic malnutrition or growth stunting.







Experience

- Worked with a local doctor to diagnose and treat common pediatric conditions such as diarrheal and respiratory diseases.
- Provided nutrition education to families.
- · Learned about common medicinal herbs.
- Assisted in deliveries and newborn care.
- Visited community health departments, regional hospital & nutrition recovery center.
- Lived with a host family and attended language school in the afternoons.

Reflection

- Several public health clinics exist but lack funding or patient buy-in.
- Despite differences in culture or language, parental concerns regarding pediatric nutrition and eating habits are universal.
- Learning to be resourceful and cognizant of personal limitations in resource-poor areas.
- Importance of cultural humility when encountering differences in medical practice.
- Regardless of language, cultural or socioeconomic barriers, partnering with local healthcare staff to provide continuity of care to vulnerable populations is invaluable.



Future Directions

- Partner with a clinic in Central or South America and provide ongoing training/support.
- Use the knowledge I garnered to work in a culturally diverse, bilingual outpatient clinic in New Mexico.



